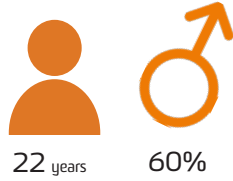


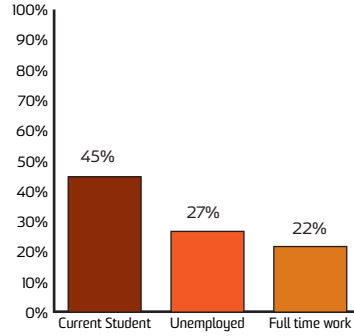
2019 SAMPLE CHARACTERISTICS



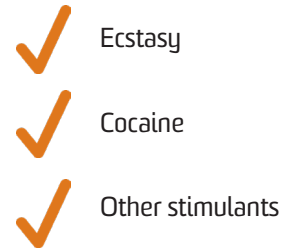
In 2019, 797 people from all Australian capital cities participated in EDRS interviews.



The median age in 2019 was 22 (IQR = 19 - 26), and 60% identified as male.

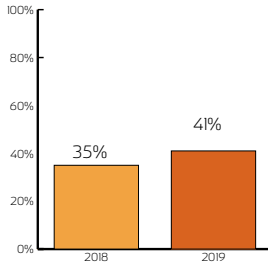


In the 2019 sample, 45% were enrolled students, 27% were unemployed, and 22% were employed full time.

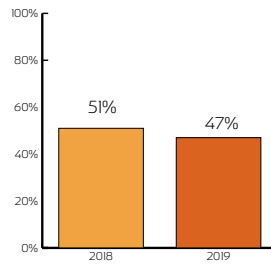


Participants were recruited on the basis that they had consumed ecstasy or other illicit stimulants at least monthly in the past 6 months.

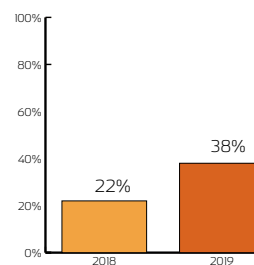
OTHER DRUGS



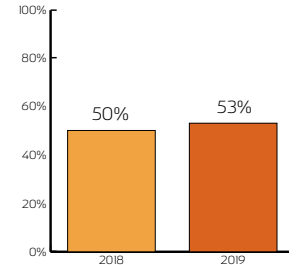
Past 6 month use of any ketamine increased from 35% in 2018 to 41% in the 2019 EDRS sample.



Past 6 month use of LSD was stable at 47% in the 2019 EDRS sample (51% in 2018).



Past 6 month use of any amyl nitrite increased from 22% in 2018 to 38% in the 2019 EDRS sample.



Past 6 month use of any nitrous oxide (nangs) was stable at 53% in the 2019 EDRS sample (50% in 2018).

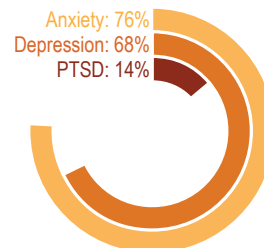
DRUG TREATMENT AND MENTAL HEALTH



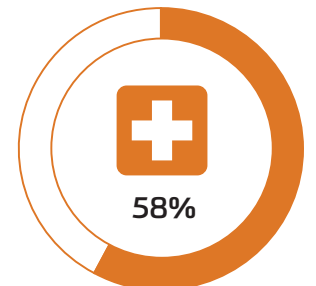
Of the 2019 EDRS sample 6% reported that they were currently receiving drug treatment.



Over half of the national sample (57%) self-reported that they had experienced a mental health problem in the previous 6 months.

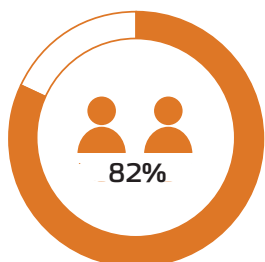


Of those who commented, the most common self-reported mental health concern was anxiety (76%), followed by depression (68%), and PTSD (14%).

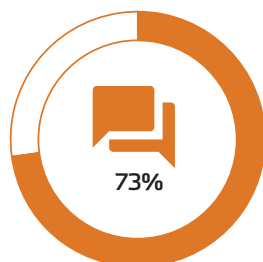


Of those self-reporting a mental health problem, 58% reported seeing a mental health professional in the previous 6 months (24% of the entire sample).

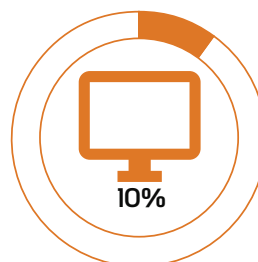
MODES OF PURCHASING



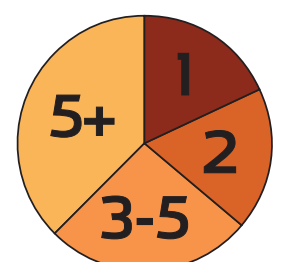
In 2019, 82% of the EDRS sample reported buying drugs face to face in the previous 12 months.



In 2019, 73% of the EDRS sample reported buying drugs off social networking applications in the previous 12 months.

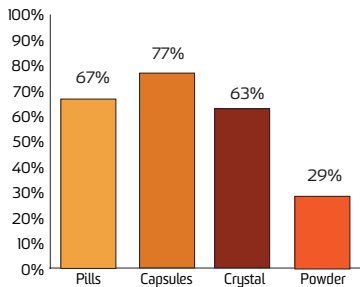


In 2019, 10% of the EDRS sample reported buying drugs off the darknet in the previous 12 months.



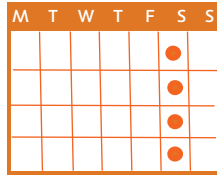
Of those who had purchased drugs via surface net or dark net, 18% had done so once, 18% twice, 26% 3-5 times, and 37% 5 or more times in the previous 12 months.

ECSTASY



Past 6 month use of ecstasy pills, capsules, crystal, and powder in 2019.

28%



Of those who had recently consumed ecstasy, almost 1 in 3 used it weekly.

- ● 2 Pills
- ● 2 Capsules
- ▬ 0.25 Grams of Crystal
- ▬ 0.40 Grams of Powder

Median amounts of ecstasy consumed in a 'typical' session using each form.

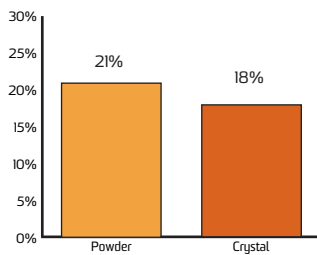
	2018	2019
Pills	83%	81%
Capsules	85%	92%
Crystal	74%	81%
Powder	68%	76%

Of those who could comment 92% perceived ecstasy capsules to be 'easy' or 'very easy' to obtain.

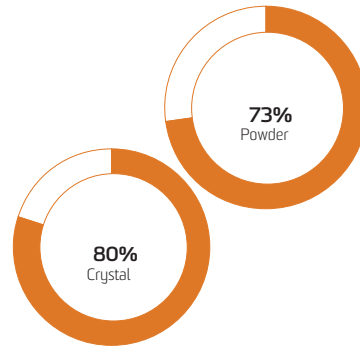
METHAMPHETAMINE



Past 6 month use of any methamphetamine was stable at 33% in the 2019 EDRS sample.



Of the entire sample, 21% had recently consumed powder, and 18% crystal methamphetamine.



80% of people who had recently used crystal smoked it. Of those who had recently used powder, 73% snorted it.

	2018	2019
Crystal	94%	94%
Powder	65%	69%

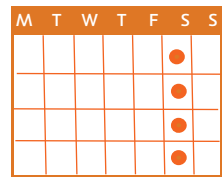
Of those who could comment 94% perceived crystal methamphetamine to be 'easy' or 'very easy' to obtain.

COCAINE

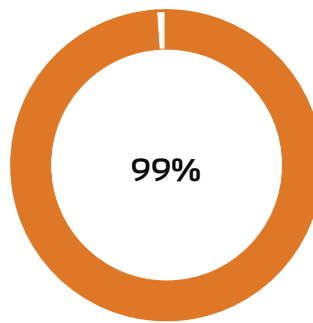


Past 6 month use of any cocaine increased from 59% in 2018 to 67% in 2019 in the EDRS sample.

7%



Of people who had consumed cocaine recently, 7% reported weekly or more frequent use.



Of people who had consumed cocaine in the last 6 months, 99% had snorted it.

	2018	2019
Cocaine	62%	70%

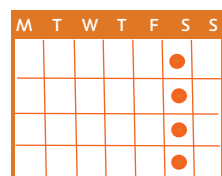
Of those who could comment 70% perceived cocaine to be 'easy' or 'very easy' to obtain.

CANNABIS

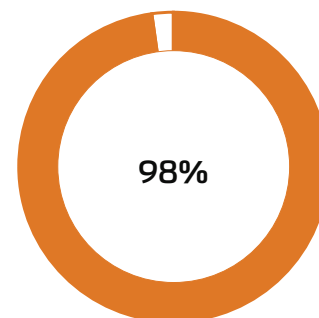


Past 6 month use of any cannabis decreased from 90% in 2018 to 85% in 2019.

66%



Of those who had consumed cannabis recently, 2 in 3 reported weekly or more frequent use.



Of people who had consumed cannabis in the last 6 months, 98% had smoked it.

	2018	2019
Hydro	84%	91%
Bush	76%	78%

Of those who could comment 91% perceived hydro to be 'easy' or 'very easy' to obtain.