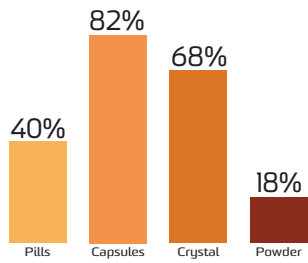




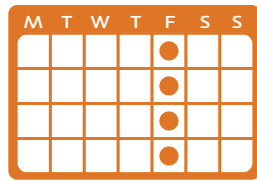
EDRS

Ecstasy and Related Drugs Reporting System

ECSTASY

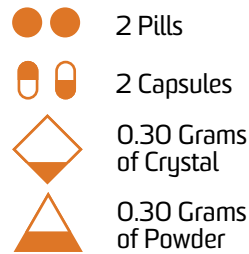


Past 6 month use of ecstasy pills, capsules, crystal, and powder in 2019.

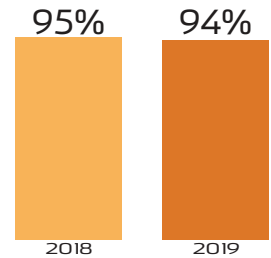


12%

Of those who had recently consumed ecstasy, 12% used it weekly.



Median amounts of ecstasy consumed in a 'typical' session using each form.

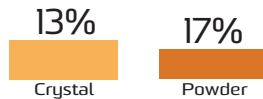


Of those who could comment, 94% perceived ecstasy capsules to be 'easy' or 'very easy' to obtain.

METHAMPHETAMINE



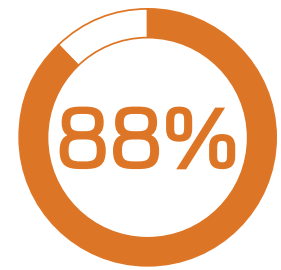
In NSW, 26% of the sample had consumed methamphetamine in the previous 6 months.



Of the entire sample, 17% had recently consumed powder, and 13% crystal methamphetamine.



Amongst those who had recently used crystal, 92% smoked it. Of those who had recently used powder, 88% snorted it.

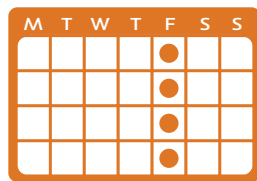


Of those who could comment 88% perceived crystal methamphetamine to be 'easy' or 'very easy' to obtain.

COCAINE



In NSW, 83% of the sample had consumed cocaine in the previous 6 months.

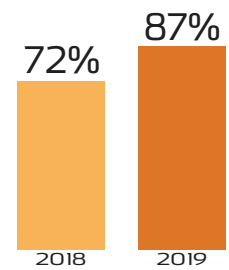


5%

Of people who had consumed cocaine recently, 5% reported weekly or more frequent use.



Of people who had consumed cocaine in the last 6 months, 100% had snorted it.

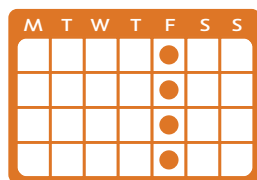


Of those who could comment 87% perceived cocaine to be 'easy' or 'very easy' to obtain.

CANNABIS



In NSW, 81% of the sample had consumed cannabis in the previous 6 months.

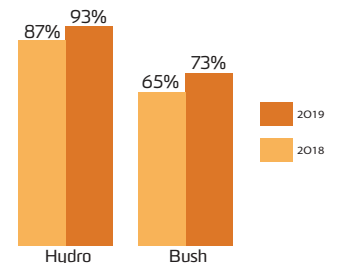


46%

Of those who had consumed cannabis recently, 46% reported weekly or more frequent use.



Of people who had consumed cannabis in the last 6 months, 98% had smoked it.



Of those who could comment 93% perceived hydro to be 'easy' or 'very easy' to obtain.



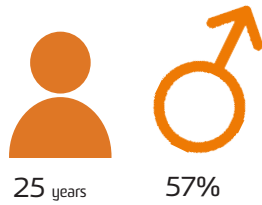
EDRS

Ecstasy and Related Drugs Reporting System

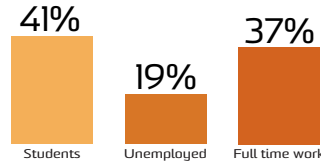
2019 SAMPLE CHARACTERISTICS



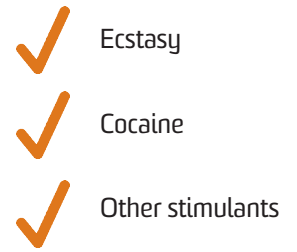
In 2019, 100 people from New South Wales participated in EDRS interviews.



The median age in 2019 was 25 (IQR = 21-29), and 57% identified as male.

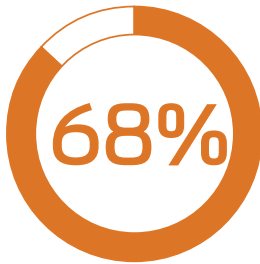


In the 2019 sample, 41% were studying, 19% were unemployed, and 37% were employed full time.

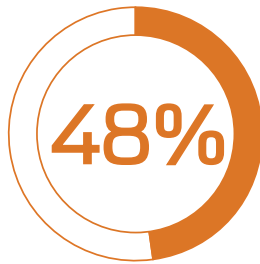


Participants were recruited on the basis that they had consumed ecstasy or other illicit stimulants at least monthly in the past 6 months.

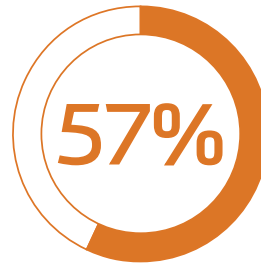
OTHER DRUGS



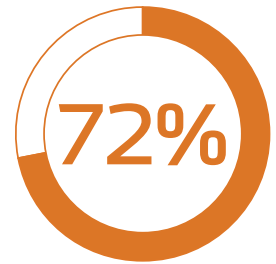
In NSW, 68% of the sample had consumed ketamine in the previous 6 months.



In NSW, 48% of the sample had consumed LSD in the previous 6 months.

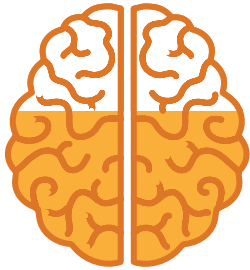


In NSW, 57% of the sample had consumed amyl nitrite in the previous 6 months.

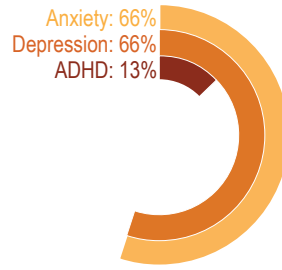


In NSW, 72% of the sample had consumed nitrous oxide in the previous 6 months.

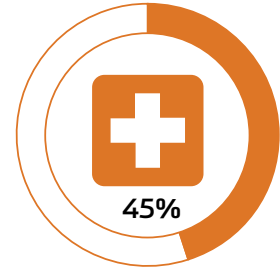
DRUG TREATMENT AND MENTAL HEALTH



Over half of the New South Wales sample (59%) self-reported that they had experienced a mental health problem in the previous 6 months.

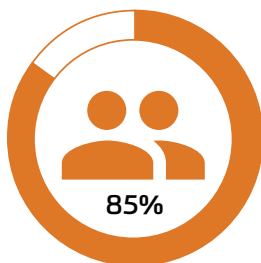


Of those who commented, the most common self-reported mental health concern was anxiety (66%), followed by depression (66%), and panic (13%).

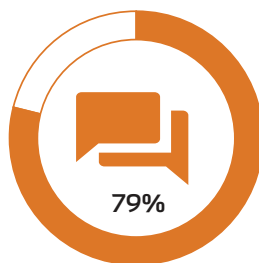


Of those self-reporting a mental health problem, 45% reported seeing a mental health professional in the previous 6 months.

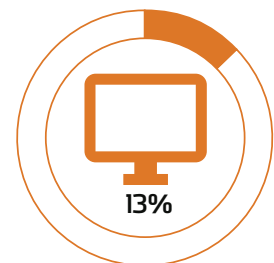
MODES OF PURCHASING



In 2019, 85% of the NSW sample reported buying drugs face-to-face in the previous 12 months.



In 2019, 79% of the EDRS sample reported buying drugs off social networking applications in the previous 12 months.



In 2019, 13% of the EDRS sample reported buying drugs off the darknet in the previous 12 months.