

Driving after using alcohol and drugs, roadside testing, and risk perception among people who use drugs in Australia.

J. Uporova., A. Karlsson., D. Gibbs., G. Kelly., P. Dietze., R. Bruno., C. Salom., S. Lenton., & A. Peacock. NDARC Symposium National Drug and Alcohol Research Centre, UNSW, Sydney

Funded by the Australian Government under the Drug and Alcohol Program





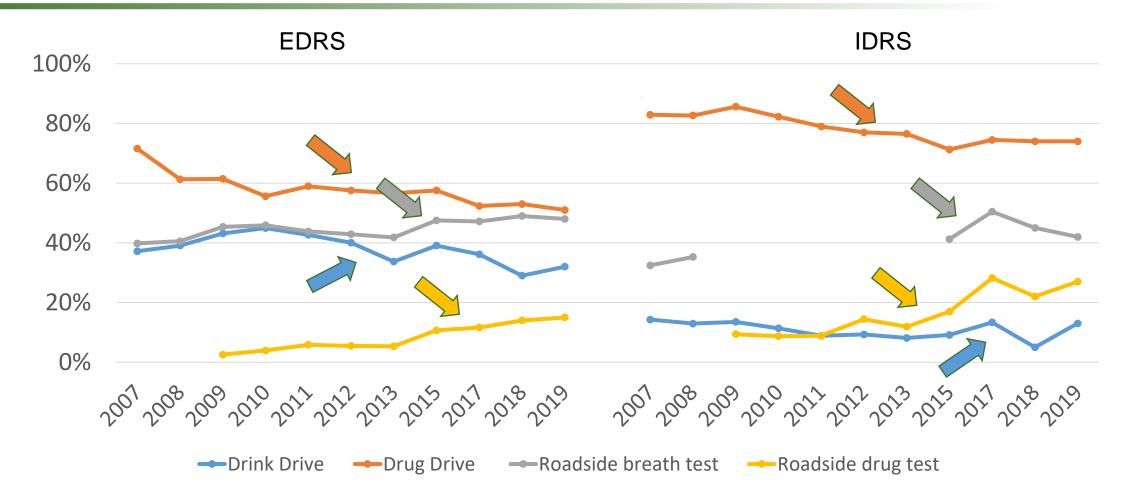
Background

• Driving under the influence (DUI) following alcohol or illicit drug use is a potential road safety risk.

 Roadside breath testing (RBT) and roadside drug testing (RDT) was introduced in Australia to deter driving under the influence.

 We used interview data from two sentinel samples: EDRS and IDRS to present trends in DUI.

Past 6 months driving under the influence of drugs and driving over the legal limit for alcohol, roadside breath and drug testing among recent drivers.







To conclude...

 Increased exposure to RDT and RBT among EDRS and IDRS samples.

Possible deterrent effect among the EDRS sample.

• Find out more:

What drugs are being used whilst drug driving? What is the perceived likelihood of a crash and police apprehension whilst drug driving?